Intermediate report

Self learning software to identify illegally traded orchid material



Figure 1 *Cypripedium calceolus* [1]

Patrick Wijntjes, s1057924

University of Applied Sciences Leiden, Bio-informatics, Technology cluster  
Zernikedreef 11  
2333 CK Leiden

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Naturalis Biodiversity Center   
Sylviusweg 72  
2333 BE Leiden

Supervisors:  
Dr. Barbara Gravendeel and  
Dr. Rutger Vos

Lecturer from school:  
Drs. Jan Oliehoek

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# Introduction

## Illegal trade in endangered orchids

There are thousands of different orchid species known all over the world [2]. None of these are allowed to be imported into the Netherlands without CITES permits.

Since 1973 orchids are primarily protected by the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Flora and Fauna (CITES), which is signed by over 120 nations [3]. Despite this convention many orchids are illegally traded. To trade species that are protected by CITES, a licence or certificate is required. Each nation that signed the Convention must designate one or more Management Authorities. They are in charge of administering that licensing system. All these nations also have to designate one or more Scientific Authorities. These Scientific Authorities advise the Management Authorities about the effects of trade on the status of the species.

It is difficult to monitor the illegal trade of orchids because some orchids look very similar to non-protected plants. Because they look very similar it can be difficult to know if the imported species is an orchid or not. To improve identification, software that can identify orchids from pictures of tubers, leaves or flowers can be useful.

## Slipper orchids

During this project the focus is on slipper orchids and orchids from which *salep* is produced.

In Europe and Asia the slipper orchids (*Cypripedioideae*) are widely distributed between sea level up to 2000 m altitude. Species prefer to live in calcareous environments and are found in deciduous or mixed deciduous and coniferous woods. They grow best in light to deep shade. The slipper orchid is an herbaceous perennial plant species that can live very long. It can grow up to 60 cm and each season the slipper orchid will produce new growths. Each stem of the orchid can contain 3 to 4 leaves that often have upcurved sides. The flower stalk can be one-flowered or two-flowered with leaf-like bracts. The sepals and petals are rarely green but commonly brightly coloured. These sepals and petals are also often twisted [4]. Slipper orchids are highly desired ornamentals.

Ground orchid bulbs of the *Orchidoideae*, also known as *salep,* are very popular in Turkey. They are used to produce ice cream in summer and drinks during winter. *Salep* is also used as medicine. In the early 1990s the trade of *salep* increased strongly. Official statistics from the Turkish State Institute of Statistics show that the export between 1995 and 1999 was 282.000 kg annually. It is unknown if this information is related to pure *salep*, substitutes or mixtures. To achieve this amount of *salep* 9.825.000 – 19.650.000 bulbs are required. As this is unsustainable, some laws have been established to protect these orchids. In Turkey there are three laws that would protect them. The first law is the Turkish Forest Law. This law regulates the use of non-wood forest products. In short this law states that it is forbidden to collect and remove any form of forest vegetation. The second law, the Turkish Law of Natural Parks states that “The production of forest products, hunting and disturbing the natural balance is prohibited.” Since collecting *salep* is classified as production of forest products, it is prohibited in all protected areas. The last law in Turkey is The Regulation on Collection, Production and Export of Bulbs of Wildflowers. As the title of this law suggests, this law regulates the production and the export of bulbs, roots and tubers of flowers. It also holds a list with species that may not be taken away from the wild for export [5].

## How a web application can improve control in illegal orchid trade

To make it easier to follow the trade routes of orchid smuggling, a web application that can identify different orchid species would be handy. This application can be used on laptops/desktops and smartphones/tablets by taking pictures of flowers, leaves or underground tubers and upload the pictures to the website. A simple workflow of the application can be found in figure 2. In this project the focus is on creating the website and integrate the identification application. This application is currently under development at Naturalis.

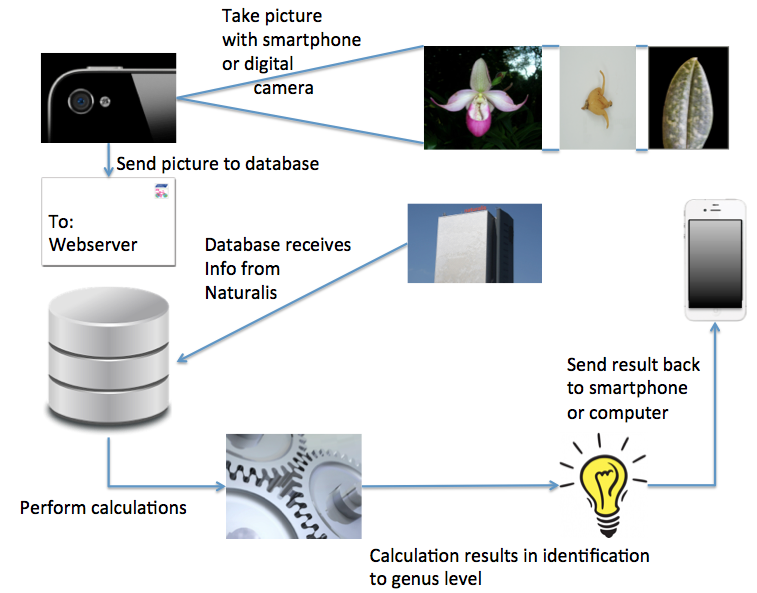


Figure 2 A simple workflow of the application made during this project. Resources of the pictures: [7-16]

## Comparable software

There is software available that can identify a person using face recognition. One example of software like this is KeyLemon [20]. This software could be used to unlock a computer.

The overall operation of software like this is to take a picture or series of pictures of your face. When it takes a series of pictures it is almost always required to move your head up and down and / or left and right. The software saves this picture / these pictures. When you use the software to unlock your computer the software takes a picture / a series of pictures of your face and compares this picture / these pictures with the saved picture(s). When it finds a match you will be logged-in to your own account.

# Materials and Methods

## Website

During this internship a website is developed. Users of this website can upload a picture to the server. On the server the software will check if the picture is an orchid or a look-a-like and, when possible, what the genus of the orchid is.

The processes behind this website are written in Python2.7 using the Django package. The layouts of the webpages are written in html, using css style sheets. There are two versions of every html file, one for computers and one for mobile devices. The different python scripts, html files and css style sheets can be found in appendices x-y.

## Training

During this research the neural network is trained to see the differences between orchid tubers and tuber of orchid look-a-likes. The look-a-likes that are used are *Arum maculatum*, *Asparagus officinalis, Polygonatum verticillatum, Tulipa greigii,* and *Tulipa sp.* [18]. Appendix x contains pictures of these tubers.

The neural network is also trained on pictures of flowers.

Before training of the software is possible there are many steps to prepare the training.

First of all, pictures of the orchid tubers and the tubers of the look-a-likes are required. So in the first few weeks of this research pictures were taken at the Sylvius lab.

Although the orientation of these tubers is unregulated, it is required that it is the same for all pictures. For instance, if the first picture of a tuber with spurs has the spurs on the right, all other tubers with spurs must have the spurs on the right. The user has to use the same orientation as the trainer, so this can be found in the user guide. The background has to be one colour, like white or black, and this colour must be the same for every picture. The last requirement is that there is only one tuber on the picture.

### Flickr

To store the pictures in a safe place, where everyone who needs to can access them, a shared Flickr account was created. Flickr is a website for saving and sharing pictures. It is not allowed to share the pictures of the flowers, so the settings of the Flickr account are set on private. This means that only persons with the account name and password can access the pictures.

On Flickr it is possible to add tags to the pictures. These tags are used later in the preparation process to save the pictures in the correct directory. To download the pictures and the metadata via the command line, a python script written by Hugo Haas, Offlickr, was modified and used (see appendix x) [\*].

Before training of the neural network is possible, a preparation process is needed. The first step in this process is to download de pictures and metadata and search for the tags in the metadata. The next step is to convert the pictures from jpg- to png-format. Finally the pictures will be split and placed into the correct directory (Round, Spur and Oblong for the different orchid tubers, LRound, LSpur and LOblong for the different look-a-like tubers and the correct genus and species for the flowers) using the tags.

# Results

## Website

To make the software available for end-users a website was developed.

The first design of this website is finished. This website contains a homepage, a page for uploading a picture, a page to show the picture is uploaded correctly and a result page.

On the homepage it is possible to choose to upload a picture or remove the unused files from the server. For the last option it is required to log in with a valid account. After selecting the upload option the user is sent to the upload page. On this page the user can select a picture to upload. On iPhones it is also possible to take a picture after tapping the “select file” button. The website will check whether the selected file is a picture. If it is not, the user stays on the upload page and a warning is issued. After uploading the file some modifications of the name of the picture are made behind the scenes. When these modifications are done the user is sent to the upload\_succes page. Here the user can see the uploaded picture. The user can choose to see the results or cancel. If the user selects the result option a program will be run to generate a result. The output of this program is sent back to the result page, where the user can view it.

## Preparation script

To automate the preparation process a bash script was developed (see appendix x). The first step in this script is running Offlickr.py to download the pictures as .jpg and the metadata files as .xml. After downloading these files, the script will run another python script, get\_tags.py (see appendix x), to get the original names and tags from the meta data. This info will be saved in .txt files, using the id of the picture as name. For example, if the picture name is 123456789.jpg the tag file of this picture is 123456789\_tags.txt. At the end of this step the .xml files are removed. An example of a tag file of a flower can be found in appendix x. The structure of these files is always the same: the first line is the original name of the picture, then an empty line, after that the genus, the species and lastly a tag that indicates whether the object is a flower or a tuber. The knowledge of this structure can be used in the next step.

In this step the pictures are divided between two directories, Flower and Tuber. Before the pictures and tags are moved to the correct directory, the pictures are converted from .jpg to .png. After converting the pictures, the .jpg files remain in the training directory. These files are not used anymore, so after this step all .jpgs are removed.

After dividing the pictures between Flower and Tuber, the separation goes further. First the Flower pictures are divided between the different genera and the different species. After this division there are some directories with genus names in Flower, and every genus directory contains some species directories. After dividing the Flower pictures the Tuber pictures are divide between shape and Look-a-Like or orchid. This step will produce six directories: LOblong, LSpur, LRound, Oblong, Spur and Round. All directories starting with an “L” are for the Look-a-Like tubers.

The last step in the preparation process is splitting the pictures, using a Perl script developed by Rutger Vos (see appendix x). This script used a Perl package, named Image::Magick, to modify the picture so that only the tuber or flower is on the picture, with less as possible background. With an option of Image::Magick the background is normalized to be completely white(see the square in appendix x). Figure x shows a picture before and after splitting.

# Discussion

Because it is hard to extract DNA from dried tuber, most of the tubers of the orchids are unidentified. During this project they only can be used to train the neural network to see differences between orchid tubers and Look-a-Like tubers. When more of the tubers are identified correctly, it is possible to use the pictures to train the neural network to find different genera or even species using tubers.

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# Appendices

## Figures



Figure 3 *Arum maculatum* [16]



Figure 4 *Asparagus officinalis* [16]



Figure 5 *Polygonatum verticillatum* [16]



Figure 6 *Tulipa greigii* [16]



Figure 7 *Tulipa sp.* [16]



Figure 8 A: A picture of a tuber, before splitting. B: A picture of the same tuber after splitting.

## Input and output files

### Example of an xml file

<photo id="12342126885" secret="ca74c114fa" server="7451" farm="8" dateuploaded="1391690138" isfavorite="0" license="0" safety\_level="2" rotation="0" originalsecret="29fddd19e8" originalformat="jpg" views="0" media="photo">

<owner nsid="113733456@N06" username="patrick\_naturalis" realname="Patrick Wijntjes" location="" iconserver="0" iconfarm="0" path\_alias=""/>

<title>charlesworthii5</title>

<description/>

<visibility ispublic="0" isfriend="0" isfamily="0"/>

<dates posted="1391690138" taken="2012-08-29 17:13:09" takengranularity="0" lastupdate="1391690248"/>

<permissions permcomment="0" permaddmeta="0"/>

<editability cancomment="1" canaddmeta="1"/>

<publiceditability cancomment="0" canaddmeta="0"/>

<usage candownload="1" canblog="1" canprint="1" canshare="0"/>

<comments>0</comments>

<notes/>

<people haspeople="0"/>

<tags>

<tag id="113688134-12342126885-10993197" author="113733456@N06" raw="genus:Paphiopedilum" machine\_tag="0">genuspaphiopedilum</tag>

<tag id="113688134-12342126885-188931923" author="113733456@N06" raw="species:chariesworthii" machine\_tag="0">specieschariesworthii</tag>

<tag id="113688134-12342126885-535" author="113733456@N06" raw="Flower" machine\_tag="0">flower</tag>

</tags>

<urls>

<url type="photopage">http://www.flickr.com/photos/113733456@N06/12342126885/</url>

</urls>

</photo>

### Tag file of a flower

bellatulum12 phot

genus:Brachypetalum

species:bellatulum

Flower

### Tag file of an orchid tuber

TEH-1.1\_5

Orchid\_spur

Orchid

Spur

genus:Dactylorhiza

species:incarnata

Tuber

### Tag file of a Look-a-Like tuber

tulipa red riding hood3

Look-a-Like\_round

Look-a-Like

Round

genus:Tulipa

species:greigii

Tuber

## Codes

### Bash

#### training.sh

clear

#==================================================================#

# Download pictures from Flickr #

#==================================================================#

#Download pictures from Flickr

python Offlickr.py -p -n -i 113733456@N06 -d .

#List all xml files and save it in a

ls | egrep xml > a

#Get the tags for every picture

python get\_tags.py

rm \*.xml a

echo "Done"

clear

#==================================================================#

# Divide pictures between Flower and Tuber #

#==================================================================#

mkdir Flower Tuber Tuber/LOblong Tuber/LSpur Tuber/LRound Tuber/Oblong Tuber/Round Tuber/Spur

for i in \*.jpg

do

echo "File: $i"

var=(${i//./ }$0)

echo "Var: $var"

tags="$var""\_tags.txt"

echo "Tag: $tags"

echo "Convert $i to $var.png"

convert $i $var.png

content=$(cat $tags)

echo "Content: $content"

echo "---------------------------------------------"

if [[ $content == \*Tuber\* ]]

then

mv $var.png Tuber

mv $tags Tuber

elif [[ $content == \*Flower\* ]]

then

mv $var.png Flower

mv $tags Flower

else

echo "No correct tag found"

echo "=================================================="

fi

#rm $tags

done

#Remove the files that will not be used anymore

rm \*.jpg

echo "Done"

clear

#==================================================================#

# Divide the pictures in Flower between the different genera and the different species #

#==================================================================#

cd Flower

for f in \*.png

do

echo "File: $f"

var=(${f//./ }$0)

echo "Var: $var"

tags="$var""\_tags.txt"

echo "Tag: $tags"

content=$(cat $tags)

genusi=$(sed -n '3p' < $tags)

speciesi=$(sed -n '4p' < $tags)

genus=(${genusi##\*:})

species=(${speciesi##\*:})

echo "Speciesi: $speciesi"

echo "Species: $species"

mkdir $genus

mv $f $genus

mv $tags $genus

cd $genus

mkdir $species

mv $f $species

cd ..

# rm $tags

done

cd ..

clear

#==================================================================#

# Devide the pictures in Tuber between shape(L-a-L) #

#==================================================================#

cd Tuber

for f in \*.png

do

echo "File: $f"

var=(${f//./ }$0)

echo "Var: $var"

tags="$var""\_tags.txt"

echo "Tag: $tags"

content=$(cat $tags)

echo "Content: $content"

if [[ $content == \*Look-a-Like\_round\* ]]

then

mv $var.png LRound/$var.png

elif [[ $content == \*Look-a-Like\_oblong\* ]]

then

mv $var.png LOblong/$var.png

elif [[ $content == \*Look-a-Like\_spur\* ]]

then

mv $var.png LSpur/$var.png

elif [[ $content == \*Round\* ]]

then

mv $var.png Round/$var.png

elif [[ $content == \*Oblong\* ]]

then

mv $var.png Oblong/$var.png

elif [[ $content == \*Spur\* ]]

then

mv $var.png Spur/$var.png

else

echo "No correct tag found"

fi

#rm $tags

done

cd ..

clear

#==================================================================#

# Split alle foto's (Tuber en Flower) #

#==================================================================#

for d in $(ls -d \*/)

do

echo "D: $d"

#==================================================================#

# Tuber

if [[ $d == \*Tuber\* ]]

then

#pwd

# echo "\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*"

# echo "Nu in Tuber"

cd ${d%%/}

for i in $(ls -d \*/)

do

y=${i%%/}

# echo "Y1: $y"

size=10000

t=0.65

if [[ $y == \*LO\* ]]

then

size=50000

elif [[ $y == \*LS\* ]]

then

size=50000

elif [[ $y == R\* ]]

then

t=0.6

fi

for f in ./$y/\*.png

do

echo "Splitting $f"

# echo "-t: $t"

# echo "Size: $size"

# pwd

# echo "+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++"

perl ../splitter.pl -t $t -i $f

for FILENAME in \*,\*.png

do

FILESIZE=$(stat -f%z $FILENAME)

# echo "$FILENAME: $FILESIZE"

if (( FILESIZE > size ))

then

mv $FILENAME ./$y

else

rm $FILENAME

fi

done

done

done

#==================================================================#

# Flower

elif [[ $d == Flower\* ]]

then

cd ${d%%/}

for i in $(ls -d \*/)

do

size=10000

t=0.85

q=$t

# echo "Y2: $i"

# echo "Size: $size"

# echo "-t: $t"

if [[ $i == \*C\* ]]

then

# echo "@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@"

t=0.9

fi

cd ${i%%/}

for x in $(ls -d \*/)

do

y=${x%%/}

# echo "Y3: $y"

if [[ $y == \*vie\* ]]

then

# echo ">>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>"

t=0.9

elif [[ $y == \*vicotria\* ]]

then

size=7000

elif [[ $y == \*druryi\* ]]

then

size=20000

elif [[ $y == \*tigrinum\* ]]

then

size=20000

elif [[ $y == \*delenatii\* ]]

then

t=0.95

else

size=10000

fi

for g in ./$y/\*.png

do

if [[ $g == \*12342093963\* ]]

then

# echo "1"

q=0.9

elif [[ $g == \*12342327174\* ]]

then

# echo "2"

q=0.95

elif [[ $g == \*12342204914\* ]]

then

# echo "3"

q=0.9

elif [[ $g == \*12341889003\* ]]

then

# echo "4"

q=0.9

elif [[ $g == \*12341158664\* ]]

then

# echo "5"

q=0.9

elif [[ $g == \*12340702965\* ]]

then

# echo "6"

q=0.9

elif [[ $g == \*12340849735\* ]]

then

# echo "7"

q=0.95

elif [[ $g == \*12342126885\* ]]

then

# echo "8"

q=0.95

elif [[ $g == \*12342401264\* ]]

then

# echo "9"

q=0.95

else

# echo "10"

q=$t

fi

echo "Splitting $g"

# echo "Size: $size"

# echo "Q: $q"

# echo "-t: $t"

# echo "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

perl ../../splitter.pl -t $q -i $g

for FILENAME in \*,\*.png

do

FILESIZE=$(stat -f%z $FILENAME)

# echo "$FILENAME: $FILESIZE"

if (( FILESIZE > size ))

then

mv $FILENAME ./$y

else

rm $FILENAME

fi

done

done

# echo "----------------------------"

done

# echo "================================"

cd ..

done

cd ..

fi

done

clear

echo "Done"

### Css

#### computer.css

/\* This is the default lay-out for computers \*/

/\* Lay-out for the body \*/

body {

/\* Place the text in the middel of the page \*/

text-align: center;

}

/\* Lay-out for the page \*/

#page {

/\* the width \*/

width: 960px;

/\* place the text left \*/

text-align: left;

/\* clear automatically the area around the page \*/

margin: 10px auto 20px auto;

/\* Set the background color to white \*/

background-color:white;

}

/\* Lay-out for the logo \*/

#logo {

/\* Place the logo on the leftside of the page \*/

float: left;

/\* the width of the logo is 200 pixels \*/

width: 200px;

}

/\* Lay-out for sidebar, not used, but available for later \*/

/\*#sidebar {

float: right;

width: 200px;

border: 1px solid #000;

}\*/

/\* Lay-out for the content \*/

#content {

/\* place the content left, because logo is described first, the content will

be displayed right of the logo \*/

float: left;

/\* The width of this box will be automaticly changed to the content self \*/

width: auto;

/\* Place a border around the content

3 pixels widht with a pink-like color, The same color of the

Naturalis logo \*/

border: 3px solid #E3004A;

/\* Clear 10 pixels around the content, inside de border \*/

padding: 10px;

}

/\* Lay-out for the footer \*/

#footer {

/\* Place the footer on the bottom \*/

position:absolute;

bottom:10px;

}

/\* For all Font-settings below the Naturalis housestyle is aplied.

Which means that the Arial font is everywhere used \*/

/\* Font-settings of p \*/

p {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 1em;

}

/\* Font-settings of h1 \*/

h1 {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 1.9em;

}

/\* Font-settings of h2 \*/

h2 {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 1.7em;

}

/\* Font-settings of h3 \*/

h3 {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 1.5em;

}

/\* Font-settings of h4 \*/

h4 {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 1.3em;

}

/\* id small, used to make text in p smaller than the settings for p \*/

#small {

font-size: 0.75em;

}

/\* Font-settings of form \*/

form {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 1em;

}

/\* Font-settings of inut \*/

input {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 0.75em;

}

/\* id button, for styling the individual buttons \*/

#button {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 0.75em;

}

#### mobile.css

/\* This is the default lay-out for mobile devices \*/

/\* Lay-out for the body \*/

body {

/\* Place a margin of 10 pixels around the text \*/

margin: 10px

}

/\* Lay-out for the logo \*/

#logo {

/\* Place the logo on the leftside of the page \*/

float: left;

}

/\* Lay-out for sidebar, not used, but available for later \*/

/\*#sidebar {

float: right;

width: 200px;

border: 1px solid #000;

}\*/

/\* Lay-out for the content \*/

#content {

/\* place the content left, because logo is described first, the content will

be displayed under the logo \*/

float: left;

/\* Place a border around the content

13 pixels widht with a pink-like color, The same color of the

Naturalis logo \*/

border: 13px solid #E3004A;

/\* Clear 10 pixels around the content, inside de border \*/

padding: 10px;

}

/\* Lay-out for the footer \*/

#footer {

/\* Place the footer on the bottom \*/

float:left;

bottom:10px;

}

/\* For all Font-settings below the Naturalis housestyle is aplied.

Which means that the Arial font is everywhere used \*/

/\* Font-settings of p \*/

p {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 40px;

}

/\* Font-settings of h1 \*/

h1 {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 120px;

}

/\* Font-settings of h2 \*/

h2 {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 100px;

}

/\* Font-settings of h3 \*/

h3 {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 75px;

}

/\* Font-settings of h4 \*/

h4 {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 50px;

}

/\* id small, used to make text in p smaller than the settings for p \*/

#small {

font-size: 25px;

}

/\* Font-settings of form \*/

form {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 30px;

}

/\* Font-settings of inut \*/

input {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 40px;

}

/\* id button, for styling the individual buttons \*/

#button {

font-family: Arial;

font-size: 40px;

}

### Html

#### computer\_invalid\_login.html

<!-- Use the computer template and override the content block -->

{% extends "computer.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Invalid login{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- Display a header, telling the login details are incorrect -->

<h2>Your login details are invalid!</h2>

<!-- Button to login again -->

<form action="/accounts/login/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Try again inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Try again" id="button">

</form>

<p></p>

<!-- Button to go back to the welcome page -->

<form action="/welcome/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Home inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### computer\_login.html

<!-- Use the computer template and override the content block -->

{% extends "computer.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Login{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- Display a header -->

<h3>Login required to remove files!</h3>

<!-- Ask for the username and password -->

<form action="/accounts/auth/" method="post">{% csrf\_token %}

<label for="username">User name:</label>

<input type="text" name="username" value="" id="username">

<p></p>

<label for="password">Password:</label>

<input type="password" name="password" value="" id="pasword">

<p></p>

<input type="submit" value="login" id="button">

</form>

<p></p>

<!-- Button to go back to the home page -->

<form action="/welcome/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Home inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### computer\_remove.html

<!-- Use the computer template and override the content block -->

{% extends "computer.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Files removed{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- Display a header, telling the task has been completed -->

<h2>Removing complete!</h2>

<!-- Give detailed information -->

<p>All uploaded pictures and their results<BR>

are moved to the results directory</p>

<p>You have removed the following files:</p>

<p>{{uploads}}</p>

<p>{{temps}}</p>

<!-- Button to logout -->

<form action="/accounts/logout/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Logout" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### computer\_result.html

<!-- Use the computer template and override the content block -->

{% extends "computer.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Result{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- The displaying content is only for testing and needs to be updated

for the real version -->

<!-- Display a header to tell this is de result page -->

<h2>Results</h2>

<!-- FOR TESTING: Display the filename -->

<p>Filename: {{filename}} </p>

<!-- Display the result -->

<!-- WARNING: this is a test result, and will always be a random sentence

This needs to be changed for the real version! -->

<p>Result: {{result}} </p>

<!-- Display the picture, give it a link to view the picter on a new

webpage / tab -->

<p><a href="/static/assets/uploaded\_files/{{filename}}"><img src="/static/assets/uploaded\_files/{{filename}}" width="200"/></a></p>

<form action="/exit/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Exit" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### computer\_sorry.html

<!-- Use the computer template and override the content block -->

{% extends "computer.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Error{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- Header -->

<h2>Sorry!</h2>

<!-- Explain the error and ask to try again -->

<p>During the calculation, your picture has been removed.<BR>

Please try again</p>

<!-- Button to try again -->

<form action="/upload/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Upload picture" id="button">

</form>

<p></p>

<!-- Button to go back to the homepage -->

<form action="/welcome/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Home inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### computer\_upload\_succes.html

<!-- Use the computer template and override the content block -->

{% extends "computer.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Upload succeeded{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- The displaying content is only for testing and needs to be updated

for the real version -->

<!-- Display a header, telling the file is uploaded -->

<h2>You have uploaded the file!</h2>

<!-- FOR TESTING: Display the filename -->

<p>filename: {{filename}}</p>

<!-- FOR TESTING: Display the path to the file -->

<p>path: {{path}}</p>

<!-- Display the picture, give it a link to view the picter on a new

webpage / tab -->

<p><a href="/{{path}}"><img src="/{{path}}" width="200"/></a></p>

<form action="/result/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Result" id="button">

</form>

<!-- Display an empty line betwee both buttonts-->

<p></p>

<form action="/welcome/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Home inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### computer\_upload.html

<!-- Use the computer template and override the content block -->

{% extends "computer.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Upload picture{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- The displaying content is only for testing and needs to be updated

for the real version -->

<!-- Display a header to tell this is de upload page -->

<h2>Upload picture</h2>

<p style="color:red; font-size:0.9em"><em>{{message}}</em></p>

<!-- Use the form from orchid.views.upload to receive a picture -->

<form action="" method="post" style="{{style}}" enctype="multipart/form-data">{% csrf\_token %}

{{form}}

<p></p>

<!-- Place a submit button under the form, with the text Upload picture inside.

To place it under the form, it is required to display an empty line first-->

<input type="submit" value="Upload picture" id="button">

<!-- End of form -->

</form>

<p></p>

<!-- Place a button under the form to go back to the home screen -->

<form action="/welcome/">

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### computer\_welcome.html

<!-- Use the computer template and override the content block -->

{% extends "computer.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Home{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- The displaying content is only for testing and needs to be updated

for the real version -->

<!-- Display a header, telling this is the welcome page -->

<h2>Welcome</h2

<!-- Tell the user what this webapplication will do -->

<h4>Welcome on the orchid identifier website of Naturalis</h4>

<p>After uploading a picture the website will identify the orchid.<BR>

Please click the upload picture button below to upload a picture.<BR>

<em>You can upload a picture of a tuber, a leaf or a flower.</em></p>

<!-- Create a form which contains two buttons.

The first button is for uploading the file -->

<form action="/upload/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Upload picture" id="button">

</form>

<!-- display a white line -->

<p></p>

<!-- Second button to remove all leftover files -->

<p id="small">To remove all unused uploaded pictures and their temporary files<BR>

click below <span style="color: red"><strong>(login required)</strong></span></p>

<form action="/admin/remove">

<input type="submit" value="Remove unused files" id="button">

</form>

<!-- FOR TESTING: Print the used divise -->

<p>device: {{device}}</p>

{% endblock %}

#### computer.html

<!-- THIS IS THE STANDARD HTML FOR THE COMPUTER LAY-OUTS -->

<!-- Load in the static function -->

{% load static %}

<!-- declare the DOCTYPE and html language-->

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

<!-- Create the head -->

<head>

<!-- Create a title using a block -->

<!-- This title needs to be changed! The best way to change the title

is in the other html files witch extends this html -->

<title>{% block title %} My Base Template{% endblock %}</title>

<!-- Use the compyter.css stylesheet for all the lay-outs -->

<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="{% static "assets/css/computer.css" %}">

<!-- end of the head -->

</head>

<!-- Create the body -->

<body>

<!-- Create a page -->

<div id="page">

<!-- Create a logo block, using the logo lay-out from compyter.css -->

<div id="logo">

{% block logo %}

<!-- Place the Naturalis logo inside the logo block -->

<ul>

<a href="<http://www.naturalis.nl>"><img src="{% static "assets/images/Naturalis\_logo.png" %}" width="100"/></a>

</ul>

<!-- End of the logo block -->

{% endblock %}

</div>

<!-- Create a content block, using the content lay-out from computer.css -->

<div id="content">

<!-- Place a standard text in the content -->

<!-- This block will be override for all different html pages -->

{% block content %}This is the content of this block{% endblock %}

</div>

<!-- Create a footer block, using the footer lay-out from computer.css -->

<div id="footer">

<!-- Place some text in the footer block -->

{% block footer %}<p>&copy;2013-2014 Patrick Wijntjes</p>{% endblock %}

<!-- End of the page -->

</div>

<!-- End of the body and of the html -->

</body>

</html>

#### mobile\_invalid\_login.html

<!-- Use the mobile template and override the content block -->

{% extends "mobile.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Invalid login{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- Display a header, telling the login details are incorrect -->

<h2>Your login details are invalid!</h2>

<!-- Button to login again -->

<form action="/accounts/login/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Try again inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Try again" id="button">

</form>

<p></p>

<!-- Button to go back to the welcome page -->

<form action="/welcome/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Home inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### mobile\_login.html

<!-- Use the mobile template and override the content block -->

{% extends "mobile.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Login{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- Display a header -->

<h3>Login required to remove files!</h3>

<!-- Ask for the username and password -->

<form action="/accounts/auth/" method="post">{% csrf\_token %}

<label for="username">User name:</label>

<input type="text" name="username" value="" id="username">

<p></p>

<label for="password">Password:</label>

<input type="password" name="password" value="" id="pasword">

<p></p>

<input type="submit" value="login" id="button">

</form>

<p></p>

<!-- Button to go back to the home page -->

<form action="/welcome/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Home inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### mobile\_remove.html

<!-- Use the mobile template and override the content block -->

{% extends "mobile.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Files removed{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- Display a header, telling the task has been completed -->

<h2>Removing complete!</h2>

<!-- Give detailed information -->

<p>All uploaded pictures and their results<BR>

are moved to the results directory</p>

<p>You have removed the following files:</p>

<p>{{uploads}}</p>

<p>{{temps}}</p>

<!-- Button to logout -->

<form action="/accounts/logout/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Logout" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### mobile\_result.html

<!-- Use the mobile template and override the content block -->

{% extends "mobile.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Result{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- The displaying content is only for testing and needs to be updated

for the real version -->

<!-- Display a header to tell this is de result page -->

<h2>Results</h2>

<!-- FOR TESTING: Display the filename -->

<p>Filename: {{filename}} </p>

<!-- Display the result -->

<!-- WARNING: this is a test result, and will always be a random sentence

This needs to be changed for the real version! -->

<p>Result: {{result}} </p>

<!-- Display the picture, give it a link to view the picter on a new

webpage / tab -->

<!-- Misschien de grootte aanpassen! -->

<p><a href="/static/assets/uploaded\_files/{{filename}}"><img src="/static/assets/uploaded\_files/{{filename}}" width="200"/></a></p>

<form action="/exit/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Exit" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### mobile\_sorry.html

<!-- Use the mobile template and override the content block -->

{% extends "mobile.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Error{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- Header -->

<h2>Sorry!</h2>

<!-- Explain the error and ask to try again -->

<p>During the calculation, your picture has been removed.<BR>

Please try again</p>

<!-- Button to try again -->

<form action="/upload/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Upload picture" id="button">

</form>

<p></p>

<!-- Buttont to go back to the homepage -->

<form action="/welcome/">

<!-- The submit buttont with the thext Home inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### mobile\_upload\_succes.html

<!-- Use the mobile template and override the content block -->

{% extends "mobile.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Upload succeeded{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- The displaying content is only for testing and needs to be updated

for the real version -->

<!-- Display a header, telling the file is uploaded -->

<h2>You have uploaded the file!</h2>

<!-- FOR TESTING: Display the filename -->

<p>filename: {{filename}}</p>

<!-- FOR TESTING: Display the path to the file -->

<p>path: {{path}}</p>

<!-- Display the picture, give it a link to view the picter on a new

webpage / tab -->

<p><a href="/{{path}}"><img src="/{{path}}" width="200"/></a></p>

<form action="/result/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Result" id="button">

</form>

<!-- Display an empty line betwee both buttonts-->

<p style="font-size:10;"></p>

<form action="/welcome/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Home inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### mobile\_upload.html

<!-- Use the mobile template and override the content block -->

{% extends "mobile.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Upload picture{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- The displaying content is only for testing and needs to be updated

for the real version -->

<!-- Display a header to tell this is de upload page -->

<h2>Upload picture</h2>

<!-- Font-size needs te be changed!!!!! -->

<p style="{{style}};"><em>{{message}}</em></p>

<!-- Use the form from orchid.views.upload to receive a picture -->

<form action="" method="post" style="{{style}}; font-size:60px" enctype="multipart/form-data">{% csrf\_token %}

{{form}}

<p></p>

<!-- Place a submit button under the form, with the text Upload picture inside.

To place it under the form, it is required to display an empty line first-->

<input type="submit" value="Upload picture" id="button">

<!-- End of form -->

</form>

<p></p>

<!-- Place a button under the form to go back to the home screen -->

<form action="/welcome/">

<input type="submit" value="Home" id="button">

</form>

{% endblock %}

#### mobile\_welcome.html

<!-- Use the mobile template and override the content block -->

{% extends "mobile.html" %}

<!-- Override the title -->

{% block title %}Orchid Identifier - Home{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

<!-- All lines in this block will be diplayd in the content block -->

<!-- The displaying content is only for testing and needs to be updated

for the real version -->

<!-- Display a header, telling this is the welcome page -->

<h2>Welcome</h2

<!-- Tell the user what this webapplication will do -->

<h4>Welcome on the orchid identifier website of Naturalis</h4>

<p>After uploading a picture the website will identify the orchid.<BR>

Please click the upload picture button below to upload a picture.<BR>

<em>You can upload a picture of a tuber, a leaf or a flower.</em></p>

<!-- Create a form which contains two buttons.

The first button is for uploading the file -->

<form action="/upload/">

<!-- The submit button with the text Upload picture inside -->

<input type="submit" value="Upload picture" id="button">

</form>

<!-- display a white line -->

<p></p>

<!-- Second button to remove all leftover files -->

<p id="small">To remove all unused uploaded pictures and their temporary files<BR>

click below <span style="color: red"><strong>(login required)</strong></span></p>

<form action="/admin/remove">

<input type="submit" value="Remove unused files" id="button">

</form>

<!-- FOR TESTING: Print the used divise -->

<p>device: {{device}}</p>

{% endblock %}

#### mobile.html

<!-- THIS IS THE STANDARD HTML FOR MOBILE DEVICES -->

<!-- Load in the static function -->

{% load static %}

<!-- declare the DOCTYPE and html language-->

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

<!-- Create the head -->

<head>

<!-- Create a title using a block -->

<!-- This title needs to be changed! The best way to change the title

is in the other html files witch extends this html -->

<title>{% block title %} My Base Template{% endblock %}</title>

<!-- Use the mobile.css stylesheet for all mobile lay-outs -->

<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="{% static "assets/css/mobile.css" %}">

<!-- end of the head -->

</head>

<!-- Create the body -->

<body>

<!-- Create a page -->

<div id="page">

<!-- Create a logo block, using the logo lay-out from mobile.css -->

<div id="logo">

{% block logo %}

<!-- Place the Naturalis logo inside the logo block -->

<ul>

<a href="<http://www.naturalis.nl>"><img src="{% static "assets/images/Naturalis\_logo.png" %}" width="250"/></a>

</ul>

<!-- End of the logo block -->

{% endblock %}

</div>

<!-- Create a content block, using the content lay-out from mobile.css -->

<div id="content">

<!-- Place a standard text in the content -->

<!-- This block will be override for all mobile html pages -->

{% block content %}This is the content of this block{% endblock %}

</div>

<!-- Create a footer block, using the footer lay-out from mobile.css -->

<div id="footer">

<!-- Place some text in the footer block -->

{% block footer %}<p>&copy;2013-2014 Patrick Wijntjes</p>{% endblock %}

<!-- End of the page -->

</div>

<!-- End of the body and of the html -->

</body>

</html>

### Perl

#### splitter.pl [&]

#!/usr/bin/perl

use strict;

use warnings;

use Data::Dumper;

use Getopt::Long;

use Image::Magick;

use List::Util 'sum';

use Bio::Phylo::Util::Logger ':levels';

# will have deep recursions

no warnings 'recursion';

# process command line arguments

my $threshold = 0.7;

my $fuzzyness = 100; # pixels

my $verbosity = WARN;

my $infile;

GetOptions(

'threshold=f' => \$threshold,

'fuzzyness=i' => \$fuzzyness,

'verbose+' => \$verbosity,

'infile=s' => \$infile,

);

# instantiate helper objects

my $log = Bio::Phylo::Util::Logger->new(

'-level' => $verbosity,

'-class' => 'main',

);

my $img = Image::Magick->new;

my %seen;

my %area;

# read the image

$log->info("going to read image '$infile'");

my $msg = $img->Read($infile);

$log->warn($msg) if $msg;

# get width and height

my $width = $img->Get('columns');

my $height = $img->Get('rows');

$log->info("width: $width height: $height");

# iterate over all pixels

for my $x ( 0 .. $width ) {

for my $y ( 0 .. $height ) {

my $nucleus = "$x,$y";

recurse( 'x' => $x, 'y' => $y, 'nucleus' => $nucleus );

if ( $area{$nucleus} ) {

my $size = scalar @{ $area{$nucleus} };

if ( $size > $fuzzyness ) {

$log->info("found area of $size pixels around nucleus $nucleus");

}

}

}

}

# write large areas

for my $nucleus ( grep { scalar @{ $area{$\_} } > $fuzzyness } keys %area ) {

my ($min\_x) = sort { $a <=> $b } map { [ split(/,/, $\_) ]->[0] } @{ $area{$nucleus} };

my ($max\_x) = sort { $b <=> $a } map { [ split(/,/, $\_) ]->[0] } @{ $area{$nucleus} };

my ($min\_y) = sort { $a <=> $b } map { [ split(/,/, $\_) ]->[1] } @{ $area{$nucleus} };

my ($max\_y) = sort { $b <=> $a } map { [ split(/,/, $\_) ]->[1] } @{ $area{$nucleus} };

# compute new area

my $new\_width = $max\_x - $min\_x;

my $new\_height = $max\_y - $min\_y;

$log->info("going to write $nucleus to ${new\_width}x${new\_height} file");

# create new image, set dimensions, make white background

my $new\_img = Image::Magick->new( 'size' => "${new\_width}x${new\_height}" );

$msg = $new\_img->Read('xc:white');

$log->warn($msg) if $msg;

$log->info("instantiated new image");

# assign pixels

for my $x ( 0 .. $new\_width ) {

for my $y ( 0 .. $new\_height ) {

my $loc = ( $x + $min\_x ) . ',' . ( $y + $min\_y );

if ( $seen{$loc} ) {

$msg = $new\_img->SetPixel( 'x' => $x, 'y' => $y, 'color' => $seen{$loc} );

$log->warn($msg) if $msg;

}

}

}

$log->info("assigned new pixels");

# write image

$msg = $new\_img->Write("${nucleus}.png");

$log->warn($msg) if $msg;

$log->info("wrote image ${nucleus}.png");

}

sub recurse {

my %args = @\_;

# get sub args

my $nucleus = delete $args{nucleus};

my ( $x, $y ) = @args{qw(x y)};

# sample the focal pixel

my @pixel = $img->GetPixel(%args);

# if pixel is darker than threshold and not yet seen...

if ( sum(@pixel)/scalar(@pixel) < $threshold && ! $seen{"$x,$y"} ) {

$log->debug("$x,$y");

# store the pixel

$seen{"$x,$y"} = \@pixel;

# initialize area around current nucleus

$area{$nucleus} = [] if not $area{$nucleus};

# store id of the focal pixel

push @{ $area{$nucleus} }, "$x,$y";

# start growing the area

if ( $x > 0 ) {

recurse( 'x' => $x - 1, 'y' => $y, 'nucleus' => $nucleus );

}

if ( $y > 0 ) {

recurse( 'x' => $x, 'y' => $y - 1, 'nucleus' => $nucleus );

}

if ( $x < $width ) {

recurse( 'x' => $x + 1, 'y' => $y, 'nucleus' => $nucleus );

}

if ( $y < $height ) {

recurse( 'x' => $x, 'y' => $y + 1, 'nucleus' => $nucleus );

}

}

}

### Python for training

#### Offlickr.py [\*]

#!/usr/bin/python

# -\*- coding: utf-8 -\*-

# Offlickr

# Hugo Haas -- <mailto:hugo@larve.net> -- <http://larve.net/people/hugo/>

# Homepage: <http://larve.net/people/hugo/2005/12/offlickr/>

# License: GPLv2

#

# Daniel Drucker <[dmd@3e.org](mailto:dmd@3e.org)> contributed:

# \* wget patch

# \* backup of videos as well

# \* updated to Beej's Flickr API version 1.2 (required)

import sys

import libxml2

import urllib

import getopt

import time

import os.path

import threading

# Beej's Python Flickr API

# <http://beej.us/flickr/flickrapi/>

from flickrapi import FlickrAPI

import logging

\_\_version\_\_ = '0.22 - 2009-03-20'

maxTime = '9999999999'

# Gotten from Flickr

flickrAPIKey = '1391fcd0a9780b247cd6a101272acf71'

flickrSecret = 'fd221d0336de3b6d'

class Offlickr:

def \_\_init\_\_(

self,

key,

secret,

uid,

httplib=None,

dryrun=False,

verbose=False,

):

"""Instantiates an Offlickr object

An API key is needed, as well as an API secret and a user id."""

self.\_\_flickrAPIKey = key

self.\_\_flickrSecret = secret

self.\_\_httplib = httplib

# Get authentication token

# note we must explicitly select the xmlnode parser to be compatible with FlickrAPI 1.2

self.fapi = FlickrAPI(self.\_\_flickrAPIKey, self.\_\_flickrSecret,

format='xmlnode')

(token, frob) = self.fapi.get\_token\_part\_one()

if not token:

raw\_input('Press ENTER after you authorized this program')

self.fapi.get\_token\_part\_two((token, frob))

self.token = token

self.flickrUserId = uid

self.dryrun = dryrun

self.verbose = verbose

def \_\_testFailure(self, rsp):

"""Returns whether the previous call was successful"""

if rsp['stat'] == 'fail':

print 'Error!'

return True

else:

return False

def getPhotoList(self, dateLo, dateHi):

"""Returns a list of photo given a time frame"""

n = 0

flickr\_max = 500

photos = []

print 'Retrieving list of photos'

while True:

if self.verbose:

print 'Requesting a page...'

n = n + 1

rsp = self.fapi.photos\_search(

api\_key=self.\_\_flickrAPIKey,

auth\_token=self.token,

user\_id=self.flickrUserId,

per\_page=str(flickr\_max),

page=str(n),

min\_upload\_date=dateLo,

max\_upload\_date=dateHi,

#The next line is added by Patrick Wijntjes, 14-01-2014

privacy\_filter=5

)

if self.\_\_testFailure(rsp):

return None

if rsp.photos[0]['total'] == '0':

return None

photos += rsp.photos[0].photo

if self.verbose:

print ' %d photos so far' % len(photos)

if len(photos) >= int(rsp.photos[0]['total']):

break

return photos

def getGeotaggedPhotoList(self, dateLo, dateHi):

"""Returns a list of photo given a time frame"""

n = 0

flickr\_max = 500

photos = []

print 'Retrieving list of photos'

while True:

if self.verbose:

print 'Requesting a page...'

n = n + 1

rsp = \

self.fapi.photos\_getWithGeoData(api\_key=self.\_\_flickrAPIKey,

auth\_token=self.token, user\_id=self.flickrUserId,

per\_page=str(flickr\_max), page=str(n))

if self.\_\_testFailure(rsp):

return None

if rsp.photos[0]['total'] == '0':

return None

photos += rsp.photos[0].photo

if self.verbose:

print ' %d photos so far' % len(photos)

if len(photos) >= int(rsp.photos[0]['total']):

break

return photos

def getPhotoLocation(self, pid):

"""Returns a string containing location of a photo (in XML)"""

rsp = \

self.fapi.photos\_geo\_getLocation(api\_key=self.\_\_flickrAPIKey,

auth\_token=self.token, photo\_id=pid)

if self.\_\_testFailure(rsp):

return None

doc = libxml2.parseDoc(rsp.xml)

info = doc.xpathEval('/rsp/photo')[0].serialize()

doc.freeDoc()

return info

def getPhotoLocationPermission(self, pid):

"""Returns a string containing location permision for a photo (in XML)"""

rsp = \

self.fapi.photos\_geo\_getPerms(api\_key=self.\_\_flickrAPIKey,

auth\_token=self.token, photo\_id=pid)

if self.\_\_testFailure(rsp):

return None

doc = libxml2.parseDoc(rsp.xml)

info = doc.xpathEval('/rsp/perms')[0].serialize()

doc.freeDoc()

return info

def getPhotosetList(self):

"""Returns a list of photosets for a user"""

rsp = self.fapi.photosets\_getList(api\_key=self.\_\_flickrAPIKey,

auth\_token=self.token, user\_id=self.flickrUserId)

if self.\_\_testFailure(rsp):

return None

return rsp.photosets[0].photoset

def getPhotosetInfo(self, pid, method):

"""Returns a string containing information about a photoset (in XML)"""

rsp = method(api\_key=self.\_\_flickrAPIKey,

auth\_token=self.token, photoset\_id=pid)

if self.\_\_testFailure(rsp):

return None

doc = libxml2.parseDoc(rsp.xml)

info = doc.xpathEval('/rsp/photoset')[0].serialize()

doc.freeDoc()

return info

def getPhotoMetadata(self, pid):

"""Returns an array containing containing the photo metadata (as a string), and the format of the photo"""

if self.verbose:

print 'Requesting metadata for photo %s' % pid

rsp = self.fapi.photos\_getInfo(api\_key=self.\_\_flickrAPIKey,

auth\_token=self.token, photo\_id=pid)

if self.\_\_testFailure(rsp):

return None

doc = libxml2.parseDoc(rsp.xml)

metadata = doc.xpathEval('/rsp/photo')[0].serialize()

doc.freeDoc()

return [metadata, rsp.photo[0]['originalformat']]

def getPhotoComments(self, pid):

"""Returns an XML string containing the photo comments"""

if self.verbose:

print 'Requesting comments for photo %s' % pid

rsp = \

self.fapi.photos\_comments\_getList(api\_key=self.\_\_flickrAPIKey,

auth\_token=self.token, photo\_id=pid)

if self.\_\_testFailure(rsp):

return None

doc = libxml2.parseDoc(rsp.xml)

comments = doc.xpathEval('/rsp/comments')[0].serialize()

doc.freeDoc()

return comments

def getPhotoSizes(self, pid):

"""Returns a string with is a list of available sizes for a photo"""

rsp = self.fapi.photos\_getSizes(api\_key=self.\_\_flickrAPIKey,

auth\_token=self.token, photo\_id=pid)

if self.\_\_testFailure(rsp):

return None

return rsp

def getOriginalPhoto(self, pid):

"""Returns a URL which is the original photo, if it exists"""

source = None

rsp = self.getPhotoSizes(pid)

if rsp == None:

return None

for s in rsp.sizes[0].size:

if s['label'] == 'Original':

source = s['source']

for s in rsp.sizes[0].size:

if s['label'] == 'Video Original':

source = s['source']

return [source, s['label'] == 'Video Original']

def \_\_downloadReportHook(

self,

count,

blockSize,

totalSize,

):

if not self.\_\_verbose:

return

p = ((100 \* count) \* blockSize) / totalSize

if p > 100:

p = 100

print '\r %3d %%' % p,

sys.stdout.flush()

def downloadURL(

self,

url,

target,

filename,

verbose=False,

):

"""Saves a photo in a file"""

if self.dryrun:

return

self.\_\_verbose = verbose

tmpfile = '%s/%s.TMP' % (target, filename)

if self.\_\_httplib == 'wget':

cmd = 'wget -q -t 0 -T 120 -w 10 -c -O %s %s' % (tmpfile,

url)

os.system(cmd)

else:

urllib.urlretrieve(url, tmpfile,

reporthook=self.\_\_downloadReportHook)

os.rename(tmpfile, '%s/%s' % (target, filename))

def usage():

"""Command line interface usage"""

print 'Usage: Offlickr.py -i <flickr Id>'

print 'Backs up Flickr photos and metadata'

print 'Options:'

print '\t-f <date>\tbeginning of the date range'

print '\t\t\t(default: since you started using Flickr)'

print '\t-t <date>\tend of the date range'

print '\t\t\t(default: until now)'

print '\t-d <dir>\tdirectory for saving files (default: ./dst)'

print '\t-l <level>\tlevels of directory hashes (default: 0)'

print '\t-p\t\tback up photos in addition to photo metadata'

print '\t-n\t\tdo not redownload anything which has already been downloaded (only jpg checked)'

print '\t-o\t\toverwrite photo, even if it already exists'

print '\t-L\t\tback up human-readable photo locations and permissions to separate files'

print '\t-s\t\tback up all photosets (time range is ignored)'

print '\t-w\t\tuse wget instead of internal Python HTTP library'

print '\t-c <threads>\tnumber of threads to run to backup photos (default: 1)'

print '\t-v\t\tverbose output'

print '\t-N\t\tdry run'

print '\t-h\t\tthis help message'

print '\nDates are specified in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970).'

print '\nVersion ' + \_\_version\_\_

def fileWrite(

dryrun,

directory,

filename,

string,

):

"""Write a string into a file"""

if dryrun:

return

if not os.access(directory, os.F\_OK):

os.makedirs(directory)

f = open(directory + '/' + filename, 'w')

f.write(string)

f.close()

print 'Written as', filename

class photoBackupThread(threading.Thread):

def \_\_init\_\_(

self,

sem,

i,

total,

id,

title,

offlickr,

target,

hash\_level,

getPhotos,

doNotRedownload,

overwritePhotos,

):

self.sem = sem

self.i = i

self.total = total

self.id = id

self.title = title

self.offlickr = offlickr

self.target = target

self.hash\_level = hash\_level

self.getPhotos = getPhotos

self.doNotRedownload = doNotRedownload

self.overwritePhotos = overwritePhotos

threading.Thread.\_\_init\_\_(self)

def run(self):

backupPhoto(

self.i,

self.total,

self.id,

self.title,

self.target,

self.hash\_level,

self.offlickr,

self.doNotRedownload,

self.getPhotos,

self.overwritePhotos,

)

self.sem.release()

def backupPhoto(

i,

total,

id,

title,

target,

hash\_level,

offlickr,

doNotRedownload,

getPhotos,

overwritePhotos,

):

print str(i) + '/' + str(total) + ': ' + id + ': '\

+ title.encode('utf-8')

td = target\_dir(target, hash\_level, id)

if doNotRedownload and os.path.isfile(td + '/' + id + '.xml')\

and os.path.isfile(td + '/' + id + '-comments.xml')\

and (not getPhotos or getPhotos and os.path.isfile(td + '/'

+ id + '.jpg')):

print 'Photo %s already downloaded; continuing' % id

return

# Get Metadata

metadataResults = offlickr.getPhotoMetadata(id)

if metadataResults == None:

print 'Failed!'

sys.exit(2)

metadata = metadataResults[0]

format = metadataResults[1]

t\_dir = target\_dir(target, hash\_level, id)

# Write metadata

fileWrite(offlickr.dryrun, t\_dir, id + '.xml', metadata)

#The following lines were commented out by Patrick Wijntjes, 14-01-2014

'''# Get comments

photoComments = offlickr.getPhotoComments(id)

fileWrite(offlickr.dryrun, t\_dir, id + '-comments.xml',

photoComments)'''

# Do we want the picture too?

if not getPhotos:

return

[source, isVideo] = offlickr.getOriginalPhoto(id)

if source == None:

print 'Oopsie, no photo found'

return

# if it's a Video, we cannot trust the format that getInfo told us.

# we have to make an extra round trip to grab the Content-Disposition

isPrivateFailure = False

if isVideo:

sourceconnection = urllib.urlopen(source)

try:

format = sourceconnection.headers['Content-Disposition'].split('.')[-1].rstrip('"')

except:

print 'warning: private videos cannot be backed up due to a Flickr bug'

format = 'privateVideofailure'

isPrivateFailure = True

filename = id + '.' + format

if os.path.isfile('%s/%s' % (t\_dir, filename))\

and not overwritePhotos:

print '%s already downloaded... continuing' % filename

return

if not isPrivateFailure:

print 'Retrieving ' + source + ' as ' + filename

offlickr.downloadURL(source, t\_dir, filename, verbose=True)

print 'Done downloading %s' % filename

def backupPhotos(

threads,

offlickr,

target,

hash\_level,

dateLo,

dateHi,

getPhotos,

doNotRedownload,

overwritePhotos,

):

"""Back photos up for a particular time range"""

if dateHi == maxTime:

t = time.time()

print 'For incremental backups, the current time is %.0f' % t

print "You can rerun the program with '-f %.0f'" % t

photos = offlickr.getPhotoList(dateLo, dateHi)

if photos == None:

print 'No photos found'

sys.exit(1)

total = len(photos)

print 'Backing up', total, 'photos'

if threads > 1:

concurrentThreads = threading.Semaphore(threads)

i = 0

for p in photos:

i = i + 1

pid = str(int(p['id'])) # Making sure we don't have weird things here

if threads > 1:

concurrentThreads.acquire()

downloader = photoBackupThread(

concurrentThreads,

i,

total,

pid,

p['title'],

offlickr,

target,

hash\_level,

getPhotos,

doNotRedownload,

overwritePhotos,

)

downloader.start()

else:

backupPhoto(

i,

total,

pid,

p['title'],

target,

hash\_level,

offlickr,

doNotRedownload,

getPhotos,

overwritePhotos,

)

def backupLocation(

threads,

offlickr,

target,

hash\_level,

dateLo,

dateHi,

doNotRedownload,

):

"""Back photo locations up for a particular time range"""

if dateHi == maxTime:

t = time.time()

print 'For incremental backups, the current time is %.0f' % t

print "You can rerun the program with '-f %.0f'" % t

photos = offlickr.getGeotaggedPhotoList(dateLo, dateHi)

if photos == None:

print 'No photos found'

sys.exit(1)

total = len(photos)

print 'Backing up', total, 'photo locations'

i = 0

for p in photos:

i = i + 1

pid = str(int(p['id'])) # Making sure we don't have weird things here

td = target\_dir(target, hash\_level, pid) + '/'

if doNotRedownload and os.path.isfile(td + pid + '-location.xml'

) and os.path.isfile(td + pid

+ '-location-permissions.xml'):

print pid + ': Already there'

continue

location = offlickr.getPhotoLocation(pid)

if location == None:

print 'Failed!'

else:

fileWrite(offlickr.dryrun, target\_dir(target, hash\_level,

pid), pid + '-location.xml', location)

locationPermission = offlickr.getPhotoLocationPermission(pid)

if locationPermission == None:

print 'Failed!'

else:

fileWrite(offlickr.dryrun, target\_dir(target, hash\_level,

pid), pid + '-location-permissions.xml',

locationPermission)

def backupPhotosets(offlickr, target, hash\_level):

"""Back photosets up"""

photosets = offlickr.getPhotosetList()

if photosets == None:

print 'No photosets found'

sys.exit(0)

total = len(photosets)

print 'Backing up', total, 'photosets'

i = 0

for p in photosets:

i = i + 1

pid = str(int(p['id'])) # Making sure we don't have weird things here

print str(i) + '/' + str(total) + ': ' + pid + ': '\

+ p.title[0].text.encode('utf-8')

# Get Metadata

info = offlickr.getPhotosetInfo(pid,

offlickr.fapi.photosets\_getInfo)

if info == None:

print 'Failed!'

else:

fileWrite(offlickr.dryrun, target\_dir(target, hash\_level,

pid), 'set\_' + pid + '\_info.xml', info)

photos = offlickr.getPhotosetInfo(pid,

offlickr.fapi.photosets\_getPhotos)

if photos == None:

print 'Failed!'

else:

fileWrite(offlickr.dryrun, target\_dir(target, hash\_level,

pid), 'set\_' + pid + '\_photos.xml', photos)

# Do we want the picture too?

def target\_dir(target, hash\_level, id):

dir = target

i = 1

while i <= hash\_level:

dir = dir + '/' + id[len(id) - i]

i = i + 1

return dir

def main():

"""Command-line interface"""

# Default options

flickrUserId = None

dateLo = '1'

dateHi = maxTime

getPhotos = False

overwritePhotos = False

doNotRedownload = False

target = 'dst'

photoLocations = False

photosets = False

verbose = False

threads = 1

httplib = None

hash\_level = 0

dryrun = False

# Parse command line

try:

(opts, args) = getopt.getopt(sys.argv[1:],

'hvponNLswf:t:d:i:c:l:', ['help'])

except getopt.GetoptError:

usage()

sys.exit(2)

for (o, a) in opts:

if o in ('-h', '--help'):

usage()

sys.exit(0)

if o == '-i':

flickrUserId = a

if o == '-p':

getPhotos = True

if o == '-o':

overwritePhotos = True

if o == '-n':

doNotRedownload = True

if o == '-L':

photoLocations = True

if o == '-s':

photosets = True

if o == '-f':

dateLo = a

if o == '-t':

dateHi = a

if o == '-d':

target = a

if o == '-w':

httplib = 'wget'

if o == '-c':

threads = int(a)

if o == '-l':

hash\_level = int(a)

if o == '-N':

dryrun = True

if o == '-v':

verbose = True

# Check that we have a user id specified

if flickrUserId == None:

print 'You need to specify a Flickr Id'

sys.exit(1)

# Check that the target directory exists

if not os.path.isdir(target):

print target + ' is not a directory; please fix that.'

sys.exit(1)

offlickr = Offlickr(

flickrAPIKey,

flickrSecret,

flickrUserId,

httplib,

dryrun,

verbose,

)

if photosets:

backupPhotosets(offlickr, target, hash\_level)

elif photoLocations:

backupLocation(

threads,

offlickr,

target,

hash\_level,

dateLo,

dateHi,

doNotRedownload,

)

else:

backupPhotos(

threads,

offlickr,

target,

hash\_level,

dateLo,

dateHi,

getPhotos,

doNotRedownload,

overwritePhotos,

)

if \_\_name\_\_ == '\_\_main\_\_':

main()

#### get\_tags.py

import os

#Open a in read mode

files = open("a", 'r')

#Create a list of all the xml files

infiles = files.readlines()

#Close and remove the temporary file

files.close()

#Loop through the list

for x in infiles:

#Remove all enters at the back of the filename

infile = x.strip()

#Get the picture id, to save the tags with the same number as the picture

#Example the name of the meta file is 123456789.xml so the id is 123456789

number = infile.split(".")[0]

#Print a message

print "Collecting the tags of file %s"%(infile)

#Open the meta data file in read mode

open\_file = open(infile, 'r')

#Make a list of the meta data

read\_file = open\_file.readlines()

#Try to find the tags

try:

'''One line befor the first tag you can find "/t<tags>\n"

So the first tag will be the index of "/t<tags>\n" +1'''

#Get the index of the first tag

start = read\_file.index("\t<tags>\n") +1

'''One line after the last tag you can find "\t</tags>\n"

So the last tag will be the index of "/t</tags>\n" -1. Since a for-loop

loops from start to end, EXCLUDING the end, you use the index of "/t</tags>\n"'''

#Get the index of the end of the tags

end = read\_file.index("\t</tags>\n")

#Get the original name of the picture

title = read\_file[2].split(">")[1].split("<")[0]

#print title

#Save the output name (using the id of the picture)

out\_name = "%s\_tags.txt"%(number)

#Open the output file in write mode

output = open(out\_name, 'w')

print "The tags will be saved in %s"%(out\_name)

#Write the name of the picture and a white line to the output file

#The title will always be the first line of the output file

output.write("%s\n\n"%(title))

#Loop through the tags

for y in range(start, end):

#print read\_file[y].strip().split(" ")[3].split('"')[1]

#Write the text between <tag> and </tag> to the output file

output.write(read\_file[y].strip().split(" ")[3].split('"')[1])

#Write an enter to the output file

output.write("\n")

#When the loop ends, close the output file

output.close()

'''If there are no tags, a ValueError arise. Except this Error and print

a message that the file has no tags'''

except ValueError:

print "%s has no tags"%(infile)

#Close the output file

open\_file.close()

#break

### Python for website

#### forms.py

# Import the required modules

from django import forms

from models import Orchid

# Class for uploading pictures

class UploadPictureForm(forms.ModelForm):

# The meta data

class Meta:

# The used model, Orchids in this case

model = Orchid

#### views.py

# import the required modules

from django.http import HttpResponseRedirect

from django.shortcuts import render\_to\_response

from forms import UploadPictureForm

from django.core.context\_processors import csrf

from django.contrib import auth

from time import time

from django.contrib.auth.decorators import login\_required

import os

# Function to get the used devise.

def get\_device( request ):

""" Redirect to the servers list. """

#Initiate the device variable

device = ""

#If the used device is in the list, the device is a mobile phone

'''I have test both html-styles on the iPad. The results shows that the iPad can

better show the computer style'''

if 'HTTP\_USER\_AGENT' in request.META and (

request.META['HTTP\_USER\_AGENT'].startswith( 'BlackBerry' ) or \

"Opera Mobi" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"Opera Mini" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"Windows CE" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"MIDP" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"Palm" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"NetFront" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"Nokia" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"Symbian" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"UP.Browser" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"UP.Link" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"WinWAP" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"Android" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"DoCoMo" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"KDDI-" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"Softbank" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"J-Phone" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"IEMobile" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"iPod" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') or \

"iPhone" in request.META.get('HTTP\_USER\_AGENT') ):

device = "mobile"

#Otherwise it is a computer.

else:

device = "computer"

#Return the device

return device

def check\_upload(upload):

picture = ["jpg","tif","bmp","gif","png","jpeg","psd","pspimage","thm","yuv"]

name = str(upload)

extension = name.lower().split(".")[-1]

if extension in picture:

return True

else:

name = name.replace(" ","\ ")

os.system("rm static/uploaded\_files/%s"%(name))

return False

# Welcome view (homepage)

def welcome(request):

#Get the used device, using the get\_device function

device = get\_device(request)

# Create the args dictionary and save the csrf in this dictonary

args = {}

args.update(csrf(request))

# ONLY FOR TESTING! Save the device in the args dictionary

args['device']=device

# Save the html name, with the used device

html = device+"\_welcome.html"

# Call the html, for the correct device, for de welcome page.

return render\_to\_response(html, args)

#Function to give the uploaded file a variable part in front of the filename

def processUpload(request, filename):

filename2 = str(filename).replace(" ","\_")

filename = str(filename).replace(" ","\ ")

# Get the IP-adres of the computer

x\_forwarded\_for = request.META.get('HTTP\_X\_FORWARDED\_FOR')

if x\_forwarded\_for:

ip = x\_forwarded\_for.split(',')[0]

else:

ip = request.META.get('REMOTE\_ADDR')

# Replace the '.' in the ip-adres to '\_'

ip = ip.replace('.', '\_')

# Create an output file named <ip>\_filename.txt

outfile = open('%s\_filename.txt' %(ip), 'w')

# Place the variable part (the ip) in front of the filename of the uploaded file

os.system("mv static/uploaded\_files/%s static/uploaded\_files/%s\_%s"%(filename, ip, filename2))

# Write the new filename to the outputfile

outfile.write("%s\_%s" %(ip, filename2))

# Close the outputfile

outfile.close()

# The upload view (choice file and upload it)

def upload(request):

#Get the used device, using the get\_device function

device = get\_device(request)

# Get the IP-adres of the computer

x\_forwarded\_for = request.META.get('HTTP\_X\_FORWARDED\_FOR')

if x\_forwarded\_for:

ip = x\_forwarded\_for.split(',')[0]

else:

ip = request.META.get('REMOTE\_ADDR')

# Replace the '.' in the ip-adres to '\_'

ip = ip.replace('.', '\_')

message = ""

style = ""

# Check if the method is POST

if request.method == 'POST':

message = "You didn't select a picture"

style = "color:red"

# Save the user input from the form

form = UploadPictureForm(request.POST, request.FILES)

# Check if the form is valid

if form.is\_valid():

# Save the form

form.save()

is\_picture = check\_upload(request.FILES["picture"])

if is\_picture:

# run the processUpload function to place the ip in front of the name of the uploaded file

processUpload(request, request.FILES["picture"]) # zie hier nog een extra regel

''' save the filename and path in python variables

use the variable part (the ip) to create the path'''

filename = str(request.FILES["picture"]).replace(" ", "\_")

path = ("static/assets/uploaded\_files/%s\_%s" % (ip, filename))

# Create the args dictionary and save the csrf in this dictonary

args = {}

args.update(csrf(request))

# save the filename and path in the dictionary

args['filename'] = filename

args['path'] = path

# Save the html name, whit the used device

html = device+"\_upload\_succes.html"

# Call the upload\_succes html, for the correct device and give it the args dictonary

return render\_to\_response(html, args)

else:

# Create the args dictionary and save the csrf in this dictonary

args = {}

args.update(csrf(request))

# Save the empty form in the dictionary

args['form'] = UploadPictureForm()

args['message'] = message

args['style'] = style

# Save the html name, with the used device

html = device+"\_upload.html"

# Call the upload html, for the correct device and give it the args dictionary

return render\_to\_response(html, args)

# When the method is not POST

else:

# Create a form to upload a picture

form = UploadPictureForm()

# Create the args dictionary and save the csrf in this dictonary

args = {}

args.update(csrf(request))

# Save the empty form in the dictionary

args['form'] = UploadPictureForm()

args['message'] = message

args['style'] = style

# Save the html name, with the used device

html = device+"\_upload.html"

# Call the upload html, for the correct device and give it the args dictionary

return render\_to\_response(html, args)

# The result view (to display the result of the analysis)

def result(request):

#Get the used device, using the get\_device function

device = get\_device(request)

try:

# Get the IP-adres of the computer

x\_forwarded\_for = request.META.get('HTTP\_X\_FORWARDED\_FOR')

if x\_forwarded\_for:

ip = x\_forwarded\_for.split(',')[0]

else:

ip = request.META.get('REMOTE\_ADDR')

# Replace the '.' in the ip-adres to '\_'

ip = ip.replace('.', '\_')

# Read in the filename from <ip>\_filename.txt

infile = open('%s\_filename.txt' %(ip), 'r')

filename = infile.read().strip()

# Close the infile

infile.close()

# Run the program to identify the orchid

# Warning: The program now used is only a test program!

os.system("python resultaat.py %s %s" % (filename, ip))

# Open the file with the results from the identify program

result = open('%s\_test.txt' %(ip), 'r')

# Read in the results

read\_result = result.read()

# Close the file

result.close()

# Create the args dictionary and save the csrf in this dictonary

args = {}

args.update(csrf(request))

# Save the filename and the result in the args dictionary

args['filename'] = filename

args['result'] = read\_result

# Save the html name with the used device

html = device+"\_result.html"

# Call the result html, for the correct device, with the args dictionary

return render\_to\_response(html, args)

except IOError:

'''If an IOError occure, the picture is uploaded just when the administrator removed all

unused files. So the uploaded picture is also removed. Send the user to the sorry page,

which tells the user to try uploading again.'''

# Save the html name with the used device

html = device+"\_sorry.html"

# Go to the sorry html, for the correct device

return render\_to\_response(html)

# The exit view (to "close" the app and remove all created temporary files)

def exit(request):

# Get the IP-adres of the computer

x\_forwarded\_for = request.META.get('HTTP\_X\_FORWARDED\_FOR')

if x\_forwarded\_for:

ip = x\_forwarded\_for.split(',')[0]

else:

ip = request.META.get('REMOTE\_ADDR')

# Replace the '.' in the ip-adres to '\_'

ip = ip.replace('.', '\_')

''' Create the variable part for the filename using a timestamp.

replace all . in \_ to prevent errors for the extension '''

var\_part = str(time()).replace('.', '\_')

# Read in the filename from <ip>\_filename.txt, save it and close the file

infile = open('%s\_filename.txt' %(ip), 'r')

filename = infile.read().strip()

infile.close()

# Remove the temporary file <ip>\_filename.txt

# Move the uploaded picture and its result to the result directory,

# Save it as timestamp\_ip.jpg and timestamp\_ip\_result.txt

os.system("rm %s\_filename.txt" %(ip))

os.system("mv static/uploaded\_files/%s results/%s\_%s.jpg" %(filename, var\_part, filename))

os.system("mv %s\_test.txt results/%s\_%s\_result.txt" %(ip, var\_part, ip))

# Go back to the welcome page

return HttpResponseRedirect('/welcome')

# To remove all leftover files, login is required

def login(request):

#Get the used device, using the get\_device function

device = get\_device(request)

# Create a dictionary and put the csrf in it

args = {}

args.update(csrf(request))

#Save the html name with the used device

html=device+"\_login.html"

#Go to the login html, for the correct device, give it the dictionary

return render\_to\_response(html, args)

# Function to check the username and password

def auth\_view(request):

# Get the username and password

username = request.POST.get('username', '')

password = request.POST.get('password', '')

''' If the username and password are incorrect user will be None

Otherwise it will be the user '''

user = auth.authenticate(username=username, password=password)

''' Go to the correct page (admin/remove for correct login, invalid for

invalid login)'''

if user is not None:

#Login the user

auth.login(request, user)

return HttpResponseRedirect('/admin/remove')

else:

return HttpResponseRedirect('/accounts/invalid')

# function for logout

def logout(request):

#Log the user out

auth.logout(request)

#Go back to the welcome page

return HttpResponseRedirect('/welcome/')

# Function for invalid login

def invalid\_login(request):

#Get the used device, using the get\_device function

device = get\_device(request)

# Go to the invalid login html, for the correct device

html = device+"\_invalid\_login.html"

return render\_to\_response(html)

@login\_required

#User need to be registreded. Even when the user is not active this user can login and remove the files.

def remove(request):

#Get the used device, using the get\_device function

device = get\_device(request)

# List all the files that will be removed using a command line command (ls)

'''Save the name(s) of the picture(s) that will be removed in uploads.txt and the

name(s) of the temporary file(s) in temps.txt'''

os.system("ls static/uploaded\_files > uploads.txt")

os.system("ls | egrep \*\_filename.txt > temps.txt")

#Remove all the unused pictures and their temporary files

os.system("rm static/uploaded\_files/\*")

os.system("rm \*filename.txt")

#Read the content of the uploads.txt file and the temps.txt file and save the content in

# Python variables

uploads\_in = open("uploads.txt", 'r')

temps\_in = open("temps.txt", 'r')

uploads = uploads\_in.read()

temps = temps\_in.read()

# Create the args dictionary and save the csrf in this dictonary

args = {}

args.update(csrf(request))

#Save the list of the pictures that will be removed in the dictionary

args['uploads'] = uploads

#Save the list of the temporary files that will be removed in the dictionary

args['temps'] = temps

# Remove the text files wich contain the lists

os.system("rm uploads.txt temps.txt")

# Save the html name with the used device

html = device+"\_remove.html"

# Call the html, for the correct device, and give it the args directory

return render\_to\_response(html, args)